

PREVIOUS YEAR

QUESTION (MOST IMPORTANT)

① Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{\sin 5x}$ [2m]

② Find the derivative of $(\tan x)^{\ln x}$ with respect to x . [5m]

③ Examine the continuity of the function $f(x)$ given by [L.Q]

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}} - 1}{e^{\sqrt{x}} + 1}, & \text{when } x \neq 0 \\ 0, & \text{when } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

④ If $f(x) = x \tan^{-1} x$, find $f'(\sqrt{3})$ [2m]

⑤ Evaluate, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \ln(1 + bx)^{\frac{1}{x}}$ [5m]

⑥ Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, if $\ln \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y}{x} \right)$ [L.Q]

⑦ If $f(x, y) = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{y} \right)$, then find f_x and f_y [2m]

⑧ If $y = \sin^{-1} x$ then show that $(1-x^2)y_2 - xy_1 = 0$ [5m]

⑨ Evaluate $\int \sec^3 x \cdot \tan x \, dx$ [5m]

⑩ Solve $e^x \sqrt{1-y^2} \, dx + \frac{y}{x} \, dy = 0$ [5m]

L.Q
→ Long Question

2m = 2marks

5m = 5marks

(11) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log(1 + \tan x) dx$ [L.Q.]

(12) Determine the Order and degree of the differential Equation. [2M]

$$2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 3 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} - y = 0$$

(13) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}$ [5M]

(14) Solve $\cos^2 x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \tan x$ [L.Q.]

(15) Differentiate a^x w.r. to x^a [2M]

(16) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}$ [5M]

(17) find the value of 'K' such that [L.Q.]

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (1-3x)^{1/x}, & x \neq 0 \\ e^k, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

is continuous at $x=0$

(18) Find the derivative of $\frac{1}{f(ax+b)}$ [2M]

(19) find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of $y^x = x^y$ [L.Q.]

(20) Evaluate $\int \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{1+x^2} dx$ [2M]

(21) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \ln \tan x dx$ [5M]

(22) Evaluate $\int \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} dx$ [L.Q.]

23

Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} - y = e^x$ [5m]

24

Evaluate $\int \log x$ [2m]

25

Evaluate $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3\theta}{\sin 5\theta}$ [2m]

26

Find derivative of $\sin^{-1} x$ w.r. to x [2m]

27

If $u = xy + 3xy^2 - \frac{x}{y}$

then find $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y}$

28

Evaluate $\int_0^3 [x] dx$ [2m]

29

Determine the Order and degree of the differential equation.

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{dy}{dx}}$

30

If $f(x) = \begin{cases} ax^2 + b, & \text{if } x < 1 \\ 1, & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 2ax - b, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$ [5m]

is continuous at $x=1$, then find a and b .

31

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \sin x^{\cos x}$

32

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = \theta + \sin \theta$ and $y = 1 + \cos \theta$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ [5m]

(33) If $z = f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ [5m]

Show that $x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$

(34) Integrate : $\int \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}} dx$ [5m]

(35) Integrate : $\int x \sin^{-1} x dx$ [5m]

(36) Evaluate : $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2 - 16}{\sqrt{x^2 + 9} - 5}$ [5m]

(37) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y^3 + 3x^2y - 2x = 10$ [5m]

(38) Integrate $\int \frac{2x^2}{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)} dx$ [5m]

(39) Integrate $\int e^x \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) dx$ [5m]

(40) Solve $(1+x^2) dy + (1+y^2) dx = 0$ [5m]

(41) Integrate $\int \sin^3 x \cdot \sec^{14} x dx$ [5m]

(42) Integrate $\int \log(x^2 + 1) dx$ [5m]

(43) If $(\cos x)^4 = (\sin y)^n$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ [5m]

(44) Integrate $\int \frac{4x^2 - x + 3}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 - 1)} dx$ [5m]

45) If $f(x) = mx + c$

$$f(0) = 1, f'(0) = 1 \quad [2m]$$

then find $f(2)$

46) Integrate $\int \sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} \, dx \quad [2m]$

47) If $y = \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{y}$ [2m]

find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

48) find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x \right) \tan x \quad [2m]$

49) Examine the continuity of the function defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x} & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases} \quad [5m]$$

at $x = 0$

50) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x}{x} \right) \quad [5m]$

51) find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - 1}{x} \right) \quad [5m]$

(52) Integrate $\int e^{2x} \sin x \, dx$ [5m]

(53) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{1 + \cot x}$ [5m]

(54) find derivative of $\log[\log(\log x)]$ w.r.to x [2m]

(55) find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when _____ [5m]
 $x = a \sec^3 \theta$
 $y = a \tan^3 \theta$